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Florence, Octob. 13. *N. S.*

YEsterday Prince Gaſton ſet out from hence, being appointed by the Grand Duke of Tuſcany to compliment the King of Spain upon his Arrival at Milan; where, his Majeſty will be met by the Counts Paar, Rudolph, Sinzendorf, and Wratiſlaw, from Vienna; and by the Ambaſſadors of ſeveral Italian Princes, and States. The Duke of Savoy propoſeth to have an Interview with the King at a Place call'd La Cava, on the Road to Milan: But as his Royal Highneſs is attended by no more than ſix of his Domeſticks, he has declar'd the Marquis de Caraille, who is Governour of Turin, to be his Ambaſſador Extraordinary, and to make his Compliments in Form. The Duke d' Uzeda, a Grandee of Spain, has publickly declar'd for his Majeſty; and immediately after his Landing, went in a ſplendid Equipage to aſſure the King of his Fidelity. It is believ'd here, that we ſhall ſoon hear of ſome Action in Catalonia; where the Armies are ſo near, that it is ſcarce poſſible for 'em to part without an Engagement.

Berne, Oct. 21. *N. S.* We have Letters, dated the Seventeenth Inſtant from Milan, adviſing, That the King of Spain arriv'd there the Thirteenth at Night; and, that he had been Complimented on the Road by his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Savoy. On the Sixteenth, the King receiv'd the agreeable News of his being Elected to the Imperial Dignity, for which Reaſon it is believ'd his Majeſty will not make any long Stay at Milan, but proceed directly to Frankfort. The two Venetian Ambaſſadors appointed by the Senate to Congratulate his Majeſty, and acknowledge him for King of Spain, were not arriv'd at Milan when theſe Letters came away, but were every Day expected. Letters of the Second, from Barcelona, adviſe, That the Armies in Catalonia were within half a Cannon-ſhot of each other at Lalbareda; and, that though the Enemy are much ſuperior in Number, and the Allies are not entrench'd, they ſeem in no Diſpoſition to attack them.

Hamburgh, Octob. 23. *N. S.* We are aſſur'd by our laſt Letters from Copenhagen, that the Sickneſs is much abated at that Place, where there did not die the laſt Week above Three hundred and ſixty Perſons. They write from the Camp before Stralſund, that the Suedes had receiv'd on the Fourteenth a Supply of Ammunition, Salt, and other Neceſſaries; and, that on the Seventeenth they made a Sally out of Stralſund, with an Intent to deſtroy the Boats provided by the Muſcovites for their Deſcent into the Iſle of Rugen; but, that they found thoſe Boats ſo well ſecur'd by means of ſeveral Redoubts rais'd by the Allies, that they were forced to retire without putting their Deſign in execution. In their firſt Onſet they carry'd one of the Redoubts, where they deſtroy'd ſeveral of the Enemy, and nail'd up two ſmall Pieces of Cannon, but abandon'd it with much Precipitation upon the Approach of a Body of Muſcovites under the Command of Prince Dolhoruki, who, upon the firſt Alarm, was marching to attack them. On the Sixteenth an Officer arriv'd in the Daniſh Camp, being ſent Expreſs from Norway with Advice, that the King of Denmark's Forces, Commanded by the Baron de Leuwendal, conſiſting of no more than Six thouſand Men, were retir'd from the Neighbourhood of Bahus in Sueden upon the Approach of a Body of Suedes amounting to Five thouſand Horſe and Nine thouſand Foot under the Command of Lieutenant-General Buhrenſchild. The Danes are ſaid to have retreated in ſo good Order, that the Suedes, notwithſtanding the ſuperiority of their Numbers, never thought fit to attack 'em, but ſuffer'd 'em to retire to the Frontiers of Norway, where they are ſo advantageouſly poſted, as to be able to cover that Country from any Invaſion from the Enemy. This Account is in ſome Particulars contradicted by the Suedes, who ſay the Danes were put to a diſorderly Flight, wherein they loſt the greateſt part of their Cannon and Baggage.

Camp at Marchienne, Oct. 2[illegible]. *N. S.* On Friday the Twenty third Inſtant his Grace the Duke of Marlborough went to viſit the Fortifications of Bouchain, and having found them in a good Condition, order'd the three Battalions, appointed for the Garriſon of that Place, to March in; and the Detachments that were there, belonging to the ſeveral Regiments that made the Siege, to join the reſpective Bodies to which they belong'd. The ſame Day Monſieur Albergotti, with the Troops encamp'd near Wavrechin under his Command, paſs'd the Senſet, and having join'd the Mareſchal de Villars, they are ſince march'd, and have ſeparated the Army, in order to put them into Winter Quarters. Our Army will likewiſe do the ſame to Morrow. His Grace the Duke of Marlborough will go to Tournay the ſame Night, and proceed from thence to Holland, as ſoon as he has given the neceſſary Orders to the Commanders of the Troops on the Frontiers, for their Directions during the Winter.

Bruſſels, Oct. 29. *N. S.* The French Army under the Command of Mareſchal Villars ſeparated on the 25th Inſtant; whereupon that of the Allies began to march to their reſpective Winter Quarters on the Twenty ſeventh, and the Duke of Marlborough went the ſame Night to Tournay, where he will continue till he has given the neceſſary Directions for the Quartering of the Forces; after which his Grace propoſes to proceed by Antwerp and Ghent to Holland. By Letters of the Tenth from Cervera we are adviſ'd, that the two Armies in Catalonia remain'd